MISSISSIPPI STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH BUREAU OF PUBLIC WATER SUPPLY CCR CERTIFICATION CALENDAR YEAR 2014

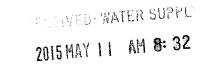
TUDETO-WATER SUPPLY

CCR CERTIFICATION
CALENDAR YEAR 2014
South Mississiff; Fablic Water Supply Name
Public Water Supply Name

OISOOG AND OISOO22 List PWS ID #s for all Community Water Sys	tems included in this CCR
The Federal Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA) requires each Commun Consumer Confidence Report (CCR) to its customers each year. Depersystem, this CCR must be mailed or delivered to the customers, published customers upon request. Make sure you follow the proper procedures email a copy of the CCR and Certification to MSDH. Please check all	
Customers were informed of availability of CCR by: (Attach	copy of publication, water bill or other)
☐ Advertisement in local paper (attach copy M On water bills (attach copy of bill) ☐ Email message (MUST Email the message ☐ Other	e to the address helow)
Date(s) customers were informed://,/	/ / /
CCR was distributed by U.S. Postal Service or other dire methods used	ect delivery. Must specify other direct delivery
Date Mailed/Distributed: 5 / / / /5	
CCR was distributed by Email (MUST Email MSDH a copy) As a URL (Provide URL As an attachment As text within the body of the email messa	Date Emailed: / /
CCR was published in local newspaper. (Attach copy of public	shed CCR or proof of publication)
Name of Newspaper:	,
Date Published://	·····
CCR was posted in public places. (Attach list of locations)	Date Posted: / /
CCR was posted on a publicly accessible internet site at the fo	llowing address (DIRECT URL REQUIRED):
http://www.msrwa.org/2014ccr/smswa	terauth.pdf
CERTIFICATION I hereby certify that the 2014 Consumer Confidence Report (CCI public water system in the form and manner identified above an the SDWA. I further certify that the information included in this the water quality monitoring data provided to the public wat Department of Health, Bureau of Public Water Supply.	R) has been distributed to the customers of this ad that I used distribution methods allowed by CCR is true and correct and is consistent with
Fall Bye	5-6-15
Name/Title (President, Mayor, Owner, etc.)	5-6-15 Date
Deliver or send via U.S. Postal Service: Bureau of Public Water Supply P.O. Box 1700 Legister MS 20215	May be faxed to: (601)576-7800
Jackson, MS 39215	May be emailed to: water.reports@msdh.ms.gov

2014 Annual Drinking Water Quality Report South Mississippi Public Water Authority PWS#: 0180009 & 0180022

April 2015



We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Quality Water Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water source is from two wells drawing from the Hattiesburg Formation Aquifer.

The source water assessment has been completed for our public water system to determine the overall susceptibility of its drinking water supply to identified potential sources of contamination. A report containing detailed information on how the susceptibility determinations were made has been furnished to our public water system and is available for viewing upon request. The wells for the South Mississippi Public Water Authority have received a lower susceptibility ranking to contamination.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Sue Franks at 601-545-2292. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. If you want to learn more, please attend any of our regularly scheduled meetings. They are held on the second Tuesday of each quarter at 6:00 PM at the McLaurin V.F. D.

We routinely monitor for constituents in your drinking water according to Federal and State laws. This table below lists all of the drinking water contaminants that we detected during for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2014. In cases where monitoring wasn't required in 2014, the table reflects the most recent results. As water travels over the surface of land or underground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive materials and can pick up substances or contaminants from the presence of animals or from human activity; microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, that may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife; inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm-water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming; pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm-water runoff, and residential uses; organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations and septic systems; radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities. In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations that limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk.

In this table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level - the concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Treatment Technique (TT) - A treatment technique is a required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal"(MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level (MRDL) - The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal (MRDLG) - The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk of health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Contaminant	I Minintian							
	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contar	ninants						
10. Barium	N	2014	.024	No Range	ppm	2	2	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natura deposits

								W.
PWS ID#	018002	2		TEST RES	SULTS			
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Date Collected	Level Detected	Range of Detects or # of Samples Exceeding MCL/ACL	Unit Measure -ment	MCLG	MCL	Likely Source of Contamination
Inorganic	Contai	minants	ŀ					
10. Barium	N	2014	.0026	No Range	ppm	2		Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
13. Chromium	N	2014	5.9	No Range	ppb	100	100	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
16. Fluoride	N	2014	.638	No Range	ppm	4		Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Disinfection	on By-F	Products	S					
81. HAA5	N	2014	27	No Range	ppb	0	60	By-Product of drinking water disinfection.
82. TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2014	50.8	No Range	ppb	0	. 80	By-product of drinking water chlorination.
Chlorine	N	2014	1.1	.8 – 1.2	ppm	0	MDRL = 4	Water additive used to control microbes

^{*} Most recent sample. No sample required for 2014.

As you can see by the table, our system had no violations. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected however the EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific constituents on a monthly basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. We did complete the monitoring requirements for bacteriological sampling that showed no coliform present. In an effort to ensure systems complete all monitoring requirements, MSDH now notifies systems of any missing samples prior to the end of the compliance period.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Our Water Association is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by substances that are naturally occurring or man made. These substances can be microbes, inorganic or organic chemicals and radioactive substances. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.

The South Mississippi Public Water Authority works around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.

Deliver payment to:

SOUTH MS PUBLIC WATER AUTH. 283 CARTER ROAD HATTIESBURG, MS 39401

2015 MAY II AM 8: 32

MICHAEL - WATER SUPPLY

This institution is an equal opportunity provider and employer

0 After 05/15/15 pay 24.05 Last Pmt \$23.70 04/14/15

Previous Balance: WATER 1423370-1419800=3570

0.00 22.90

Return this portion with payment. Billed: 05/01/15

After 05/15/15 pay 24.05 22.90 is due by 05/15/15

TOTAL NEW CHGS 05/01/15

Acct# 1280

22.90

Acct# 1280

33 MCCRORY RD

PAUL MORGAN SVC:04/01/15-05/01/15 (30 days) 33 MCCRORY RD

BILLING-SUE Franks 601-545-2292 PLEASE SEE IMPORTANT MESSAGE ON BACK

22.90 is due by 05/15/15

PAUL MORGAN 33 MCCRORY RD HATTIESBURG MS 39401 18/09